

# Markscheme

## November 2017

Biology

**Higher level** 

Paper 2



N17/4/BIOLO/HP2/ENG/TZ0/XX/M

This markscheme is the property of the International Baccalaureate and must **not** be reproduced or distributed to any other person without the authorization of the IB Global Centre, Cardiff.

## Section A

- 3 -

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а		erythrocyte percentage increased $\textit{AND}$ body mass reduced/smaller increase in mass $\checkmark$		1
1.	b		a. increases endurance «in relation to the control» ✓		
			<ul> <li>b. higher force/endurance at every testing time/throughout</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>		
			smaller decreases in <u>force</u> «over time» <b>√</b>		0 may
			c. the magnitude of the difference is similar throughout the five minutes experiment/testing $\checkmark$		∠ max
			d. differences are «statistically» significant ✔		
			<ul> <li>e. endurance of control is «approximately» 35 % versus endurance of hypoxia «approximately» 55 % «after 5 minutes» ✓</li> </ul>	Accept ± 5 % for both percentages	
1.	С		a. diaphragm more endurance/stronger/generates more force for more ventilation/inspiration 🗸	Reject "loss of body mass"	
			b. right ventricle mass increases to pump more blood $\checkmark$	The physiological reason is	2
			c. erythrocyte percentage increases to transport oxygen $\checkmark$	required for each mark	Zmax
			d. less growth/body mass which reduces oxygen demand $\checkmark$		
1.	d	i	a. hypoxia increases the concentration of sodium–potassium pumps $\checkmark$	Award up to <b>[1]</b> for a	
			b. nitric oxide needed for/stimulates «production of» sodium-potassium pumps $\checkmark$	conclusion on lines labelled 1	
			<ul> <li>c. nitric oxide synthase inhibitor reduces the concentration of pumps</li> <li>OR</li> <li>concentration of pumps reduced by inhibiting pitric oxide production</li> </ul>	and up to <b>[1]</b> for a conclusion on the lines labelled 2	2 max
1	Ч		a resting potential restored faster ./	Accent shorter refractory	
1.	u		a. <u>resume potential</u> restored laster <b>v</b>	period for mpa	
			OR can contract again sooner ✓	Do not accept faster contraction/depolarization/ repolarization	1 max

## (Question 1 continued)

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	е	i	reduces «force of» twitch <b>AND</b> peak tetanic contraction <b>√</b>		1
	e	ii	a. decrease in volume/atrophy/loss of cells/less muscle fibres/less tissue in the diaphragm ✓	Do not accept reduction in area of diaphragm	1 max
			b. SA to volume ratio increased to make oxygen uptake into muscle/cells faster $\checkmark$		
1.	f		a. not effective because body mass lost ✔	For each marking point the	
			b. effective because body mass still increases/rats still grow ✓	candidate must make it clear whether they are arguing for	
			c. not effective because contractions/force exerted by diaphragm decreases	adaptation being effective or not.	
			<ul> <li>d. effective because more sodium-potassium pumps so more/faster rate of diaphragm/muscle contractions ✓</li> </ul>	This can be done by giving the physiological benefit of a change, for example greater mass of right	3 max
			e. effective because endurance of diaphragm increases $\checkmark$	ventricle so more blood pumped.	
			f. effective because mass of right ventricle increases $\checkmark$		
			g. effective because erythrocyte percentage increases ✓		

## (Question 1 continued)

Question		n	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	g		advantages:	Accept any one of the advantages	
			a. small size		
			OR		
			easy to look after in research labs ✔		
			b. short lifespan		
			OR		
			study can extend over several generations $\checkmark$		
			c. can be killed «to get experimental results» if benefits of research justify it $\checkmark$		
			d. «mammalian» so similarities with humans $\checkmark$		2 max
			<ul> <li>e. fewer ethical objections than if humans are used/not ethical to subject humans to hypoxia/does not cause harm to humans ✓</li> </ul>		
			disadvantages:	Accept any one of the disadvantages	
			f. ethical objections		
			OR		
			wrong to cause suffering to animals/rats $\checkmark$		
			g. rat physiology/anatomy not same as human ✔		

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
2.	а		a. electron microscope has greater resolution/magnification $\checkmark$		1 max
			b. 70nm is too small/viruses are too small to be viewed by a light microscope $\checkmark$		TIMAX
2.	b		a. viruses are not living ✓		
			b. viruses lack metabolism/lack enzymes «for metabolism»/lack cell walls $\checkmark$		2 max
			c. antibiotics target metabolic «pathways»/cell wall production $\checkmark$	Accept cell wall structure affected	
2.	С		produce/secrete antibodies <b>√</b>		1
2.	d	i	a. antigen injected into mouse/mammal/host ✔	Accept animal	
			b. B cells/B lymphocytes/plasma cells «obtained/extracted from host» ✓		
			c. fusion «of plasma cell» with myeloma cell/tumour cell $\checkmark$		2 max
			d. division «of hybridoma cells» to produce a clone $\checkmark$		
2.	d	ii	produce monoclonal antibodies	Only accept the first use of hybridoma	
			diagnosis of diseases/malaria/cancer/HIV	Not treatment of malaria	
			OR		
			treatment of rabies		
					4
			plood and tissue typing		1
			pregnancy testing		
			OR		
			targeting of cancer cells «with a chemotherapy drug»		
			OR		
			treatment of infection if too late for vaccination/successful immune response $\checkmark$		

Question

а

3.

3.

b

OR

OR

c. water forms hydrogen bonds with <u>polar</u> substances  $\checkmark$ 

negative/oxygen side/pole attracted to positive ions ✓

e. glucose/other example dissolves because it is polar

d. positive/hydrogen side/pole of water attracted to negative ions

sodium chloride/other example dissolves because ions are attracted to water  $\checkmark$ 

Answers	Notes	Total
	O and H do not need to be labelled but must be positioned correctly	
		2
a. similar water molecule drawn with oxygen on one molecule facing hydrogen on the other water molecule ✓		
b. one hydrogen bond drawn as a dotted/dashed line between the two water molecules and labelled ✓		
a. water molecule is polar		
OR		
water has «weak» positive and negative charges $\checkmark$		
b. substances that dissolve in water are hydrophilic ✓		

(continued...)

3 max

## (Question 3 continued)

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
3.	С		a. secreted when blood/plasma is hypertonic/too concentrated/water content too low $\checkmark$		
			b. makes walls of collecting duct/distal convoluted tubule «more» permeable to water $\checkmark$		
			c. more aquaporins in membranes «of collecting duct cells» $\checkmark$		3 max
			d. more water reabsorbed from <u>filtrate</u> /from <u>urine</u> /more water returned to <u>blood</u> $\checkmark$		
			e. small volume of concentrated urine excreted $\checkmark$		

4.	а	i	Filicinophyta/Filicinophytes/Pteridophytes 🗸	Accept Pteridophyta although it is now an invalid taxon	1
				Reject "ferns"	
4.	а	ii	a. have roots stem and leaves ✓		
			b. pinnate leaves/leaves divided «repeatedly» into leaflets ✓		
			c. have vascular tissue/xylem and phloem ✔		2 max
			d. produce spores/sporangia		
			OR		
			no flowers/fruits/seeds 🗸		
4.	b		a. water is split/breaks ✔	Allow answer given as an	
			b. using <u>energy</u> from light <b>√</b>	equation	
			c. electrons «from photolysis» pass to <u>photosystem II</u> ✓		3 max
			d. oxygen is a «waste» product ✔		
			e. hydrogen ions/protons are produced ✓		

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	a. occurs during prophase I/during meiosis ✔		
		b. <u>homologous</u> chromosomes form bivalents/pair up <b>√</b>		0
		c. breakage and rejoining of chromatids ✓		2 max
		d. exchange «of DNA/alleles» between <u>non</u> -sister chromatids/homologous chromosomes 🗸		
5.	b	a. «linked genes are» on the same chromosome $\checkmark$	Reject sex-linkage	
		b. Mendel 's genes were on different chromosomes $\checkmark$		
		c. linked genes are inherited together		
		OR		2
		no independent assortment 🗸		_
		d. «linked genes» only separated by crossing over		
		OR		
		fewer recombinants than with unlinked genes $\checkmark$		

– 10 –

#### Clarity of communication: [1]

The candidate's answers are clear enough to be understood without re-reading. The candidate has answered the question succinctly with little or no repetition or irrelevant material.

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	а	a. mitochondria and chloroplasts are similar to prokaryotes $\checkmark$		
		b. «host» cell took in another cell by endocytosis/by engulfing «in a vesicle» $\checkmark$	Allow "taking in" in place of "engulfing"	
		c. but did not digest the cell/kept the «ingested» cell alive		
		OR symbiotic/mutualistic relationship «between engulfed and host cell» √		
		d. chloroplasts and mitochondria were once independent/free-living «organisms» $\checkmark$		4 max
		e. DNA «loop» in chloroplast/mitochondrion ✔	Award up to [2] for evidence from	
		f. division/binary fission of chloroplast/mitochondrion $\checkmark$	mpe to mph	
		g. double membrane around chloroplast/mitochondrion $\checkmark$		
		h. 70s ribosomes «in chloroplast/mitochondrion» ✓		

## (Question 6 continued)

Question			Answ	Notes	Total			
6.	b		a. b. c. d. e. f.	both result in haploid cells/gametes ✓ both involve mitosis at the start/in the «ger both have cell growth «before meiosis» ✓ both involve «two divisions of» meiosis ✓ both involve differentiation to produce a ga both are stimulated by hormones <b>OR</b> spermatogenesis stimulated by testosteroo	rminal» epithelium ✔ amete ✔ ne and oogenesis stimulated by FSH ✔			
				Oogenesis	Spermatogenesis		A table is not required but both	
			a.	in the ovaries	in the testes	1	table must either be explicitly	
			h.	starts «in germinal epithelium» during embryo/fetus development	starts during puberty/adolescence <b>OR</b> continuously starting «in germinal epithelium»	~	stated or clearly implied to award the mark	8 max
			i.	pauses occur in prophase I/prophase II/ metaphase II	no pauses	~		
			j.	large quantity of cytoplasm in egg/ cytoplasm split unequally	small quantity of cytoplasm «per sperm»/equal division of cytoplasm	~		
			k.	one cell/egg «per meiosis» <i>OR</i> some become polar bodies	four sperm «per meiosis» <i>OR</i> all cells become sperm	~		
			Ι.	one «usually» at a time/per month/per menstrual cycle	many/far more/millions daily	~		
			m.	released on about Day 14/in middle of menstrual cycle/at ovulation	released continuously «from testis» <i>OR</i> by ejaculation/intercourse	✓		
			n.	stops at menopause	goes on throughout adult life/until death	✓		

## (Question 6 continued)

Question		n	Answers	Notes	Total
	с		a. crop plants/domesticated animals/livestock produced by selective breeding $\checkmark$		
			<ul> <li>specific example of a domesticated animal/crop plant and the wild species from which it was developed</li> </ul>	For example dogs have been developed from wolves	
			OR		
			specific example of a domesticated animal/crop plant and the features in it which have been improved «compared with the wild species» $\checkmark$		3 max
			c. artificial selection/crossing selected varieties/eliminating undesirable varieties $\checkmark$		• max
			<ul> <li>d. «selective breeding/artificial selection can cause» significant/rapid change over time/from the original wild species ✓</li> </ul>		
			e. «changes due to selective breeding/artificial selection» shows natural selection can cause change/evolution «in a species» ✓		

(Plus up to **[1]** for quality)

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
7.	а		<ul> <li>a. at least one of the amino acid structures completely correct ✓</li> <li>b. peptide bond shown with N–C and C=O and N–H correct ✓</li> </ul>	H = H = H = H = H = H = H = H = H = H =	
			c. release of water clearly shown ✓	H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H H O H O H O H O H H O H O H O H O H H O H	3
7.	b		a. DNA is transcribed <b>AND</b> mRNA is translated <b>√</b>	Disallow the first mark, if a candidate gets transcription and translation the wrong way round, but allow marks after that up to <b>[3 max]</b>	
			b. transcription produces RNA <b>AND</b> translation produces polypeptide/protein $\checkmark$		
			<ul> <li>c. RNA polymerase used in only in transcription and ribosomes only in translation ✓</li> </ul>		4 max
			d. transcription in the nucleus «of eukaryotes» and translation in the cytoplasm $\checkmark$		
			e. tRNA needed for translation but not transcription $\checkmark$		
			<ul> <li>f. nucleotides linked in transcription and amino acids in translation</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>		
			sugar-phosphate/phosphodiester bonds in transcription and peptide bonds in translation $oldsymbol{\checkmark}$		

#### (Question 7 continued)

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
7.	c	Answers         a. excreted as uric acid ✓         b. excretion by Malpighian tubules ✓         c. nitrogenous waste/ammonia «accumulates» in hemolymph ✓         d. nitrogenous waste/ammonia absorbed by Malpighian tubules ✓         e. ammonia converted to uric acid ✓         f. conversion to uric acid requires energy/ATP ✓	Notes	Total
		<ul> <li>g. high solute concentration in Malpighian tubules</li> <li>OR <ul> <li>active transport of ions/Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> into Malpighian tubules ✓</li> <li>h. water absorbed by osmosis flushes uric acid/nitrogenous waste to «hind» gut √</li> <li>i. water/ions reabsorbed from the feces and returned to bemolymph √</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		8 max
		<ul> <li>j. uric acid precipitates/becomes solid/forms a paste so can pass out with little water √</li> <li>k. uric acid excreted/egested with the feces √</li> <li>l. water conservation/osmoregulation</li> <li><i>OR</i></li> <li>reduces mass of water «in body» √</li> <li>m. uric acid is non-toxic √</li> </ul>		

(Plus up to **[1]** for quality)

Questio	Answers	Notes	Total
Questio	Answers	Notes Accept any dicot or monocot seed eg:	Total
	<ul> <li>a. radicle/embryo root shown tapering to a root tip ✓</li> <li>b. plumule/embryo shoot shown with embryonic leaves «in a dicot seed»</li> <li>OR</li> <li>plumule/embryo shoot shown tapering to a shoot tip «in a monocot seed» ✓</li> </ul>	testa Award <b>[1]</b> for any of the structure clearly drawn and labelled	3 max
	c. seed coat/testa shown with a double line ✓		

d. cotyledon/endosperm shown as a large structure «for food storage» ✓

e. embryo shown with both embryo root and shoot visible  $\checkmark$ 

(continued...)

Award mpe only if mpa and mpb have not been awarded and the labelling line points

clearly to the plumule or radicle or both

## (Question 8 continued)

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
8.	b		a. <u>roots/root hairs</u> absorb water <b>√</b>		
			b. water is absorbed by <u>osmosis</u> <b>√</b>		
			<ul> <li>c. solute concentration inside the root is higher/water potential is lower «than in the soil» ✓</li> </ul>		
			d. due to active transport of ions/minerals into the root $\checkmark$		
			e. transport of water in <u>xylem vessels</u> ✓		
			f. flow/stream of water from <u>roots</u> to <u>leaves</u> ✓		
			g. water movement in xylem due to pulling force/transpiration pull/suction/negative pressure potential √		8 max
			<ul> <li>h. cohesion/hydrogen bonds between water molecules «allows water to be pulled up in xylem» ✓</li> </ul>		
			i. transpiration in leaves generates tension/pulling forces/suction $\checkmark$		
			j. <u>evaporation</u> of water from «leaf» cell <u>walls</u> ✓		
			k. <u>adhesion</u> of water to «leaf» cell <u>walls/cellulose</u> creates tension «forces» <b>√</b>	Not adhesion to xylem walls in mpk and the adhesion must be linked to creating tension	
			I. lignin in xylem walls/thickened xylem walls prevent collapse/resist tension $\checkmark$		
			m. «movement of water in xylem is a» passive process $\checkmark$		

## (Question 8 continued)

Question		on	Answers	Notes	Total
8.	С		a. formed from dead plant material/leaves/mosses/Sphagnum $\checkmark$		
			b. formed in waterlogged sites/bogs/mires/swamps $\checkmark$		
			c. where bacteria/fungi/saprotrophs are not active/are inhibited $\checkmark$		
			d. organic matter not fully decomposed $\checkmark$		4 max
			e. «occurs» in acidic conditions ✓		
			f. «occurs» in anaerobic conditions ✔	Reject anaerobic respiration	
			g. «very» slow process/takes a long time ✔		

(Plus up to **[1]** for quality)